MORTHLER DESTRICT PRICT PARCES
CALIFORNIA

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

THE HOOPA VALLEY TRIBE, a federallyrecognized Indian tribe,

Plaintiff,

CIVIL NO. C-81-3094 MHP

v.

JAMES G. WATT, Secretary of the Interior; KENNETH L. SMITH, Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs; WILLIAM E. FINALE, Sacramento Area Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs; WILSON BARBER, JR., Superintendent, Northern California Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs; and THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

Defendants.

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Upon joint motion of the parties who have entered a Stipulation rendering further litigation of this suit unnecessary and good cause appearing, it is hereby

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that this action shall be dismissed pursuant to the terms of the Stipulation between the parties which is incorporated herein by reference and according to the provisions of Rule 41(a)(2). Rule 41(a)(2) provides for the voluntary dismissal of an action by order of the court upon such terms and conditions as the court deems proper. Such dismissal

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shall therefore be with prejudice except to the limited extent that plaintiff is hereby granted leave to file an application for attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to the provisions of the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412, within thirty days of the entry of this order and that, if such application is not filed within that time, that upon defendants' motion the remaining balance of the case will be dismissed with prejudice.

This order shall be deemed a final judgment for purposes of 28 U.S.C. § 2412 (Equal Access to Justice Act).

Dated this 15th day of July , 1982

MARILYN HALL PATEL

United States District Judge Northern District of California

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#2142 1 JOSEPH P. RUSSONIELLO United States Attorney RODNEY H. HAMBLIN Assistant United States Attorney 3 Chief, Land and Natural Resources Division PAUL E. LOCKE 4 Assistant United States Attorney 450 Golden Gate Avenue - P. O. Box 36055 San Francisco, California 94102 6 Telephone: (415) 556-5134 Attorneys for Defendants IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 THE HOOPA VALLEY TRIBE, a federallyrecognized Indian tribe, 12 Plaintiff, Civil No. C-81-3094 MHP 13 v. 14 JAMES G. WATT, Secretary of the Interior; KENNETH L. SMITH, 15 STIPULATION Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs; WILLIAM E. FINALE, 16 Sacramento Area Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs; WILSON BARBER, 17 JR., Superintendent, Northern California Agency, Bureau of Indian 18 Affairs; and THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 19 Defendants. 20 21 WHEREAS, this case began on July 24, 1981 with the 22 filing of the complaint of the Hoopa Valley Tribe against the 23 United States of America and certain federal officials. The case 24 arose out of an action by the Bureau of Indian Affairs declining 25 the Hoopa Valley Tribe's application to perform stream clearance work 26 on the Trinity River and its tributaries pursuant to the Indian 27 Self-Determination Act, Pub. L. 93-638, 25 U.S.C. §450, et seq.; 28 WHEREAS, simultaneous with the filing of the complaint, 29 the Hoopa Valley Tribe moved for a temporary restraining order 30 restraining the Bureau of Indian Affairs from expending, transferring 31 32

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FORM OBD-83 SEP 77 or otherwise disposing of certain stream clearance funds, which order was granted on July 24, 1981;

WHEREAS, following the issuance of the temporary restraining order, the Hoopa Valley Tribe proceeded with their motion for preliminary injunction, which was heard on August 4, 1981 and at the close of that hearing allowed;

WHEREAS, subsequent to the two hearings and issuance of the preliminary injunction by the Court on August 4, 1981 the parties commenced negotiations to achieve a final resolution of this litigation; and, whereas those negotiations have been successfully concluded, the parties will stipulate as hereinafter provided in order that this dispute may be resolved;

WHEREAS, the Court, having preliminarily determined that historically salmon, steelhead, and other anadromous fish runs of the Klamath-Trinity River Systems have been a substantial means of subsistence of the Indians of the Hoopa Valley Indian Reservation which have played a significant role in ceremonial aspects of the Hoopas' lives in practices which continue to the present time; and that various factors, including ocean fishing and adverse environmental conditions, have combined to impact and greatly reduce the abundance of the runs;

WHEREAS, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service in the Trinity River Basin Fish and Wildlife Task Force have examined environmental problems in the Klamath-Trinity River Systems and tributaries and recommended an intense rehabilitation program involving streamcleanup, log jam removal, diversion, screening, and habitat restoration as soon as possible; See Final Report Hoopa Valley Indian Reservation: Inventory of Reservation Waters, Fish Rearing Feasibility Study and a Review of the History and Status of Anadromous Fishery Resources of the Klamath River Basin (United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Arcata, California, March 19, 1979) at

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29, 56-57, 76-77; Affidavit of R. Ulibarri at 2-3;

WHEREAS, the Bureau of Indian Affairs set aside \$90,000 to be obligated before September 30, 1981 for removal of man-made and natural obstructions in the Trinity River and its tributaries on the Hoopa Valley Indian Reservation; and, whereas both the Area Sacramento Director and the Superintendent, Northern California Agency, of the Bureau of Indian Affairs have stated their belief that stream clearance work on the Hoopa Valley Reservation is urgent in order to protect fish runs spawning in 1981 and future years;

WHEREAS, on April 3, 1981 the Northern California Agency,
Bureau of Indian Affairs, received an application from the Hoopa
Valley Tribe to contract with the Bureau of Indian Affairs under
Pub.L. 93-638, the Indian Self-Determination Act, to perform the
stream clearance program to remove stream obstructions in the
Trinity River and its tributaries on the Hoopa Valley Reservation;

WHEREAS, on June 3, 1981, Wilson Barber, Jr.,
Superintendent, Northern California Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs,
recommended approval of the Hoopa application and found that the
work proposed to be performed by the Hoopa would add to the enhancement of fishery resources of the Klamath-Trinity River System;

WHEREAS, on June 4, 1981, William E. Finale, Area Director, Sacramento Area Office, Bureau of Indian Affairs, rejected the proposed contract application because it was not accompanied by a written resolution from the governing body of the Yurok Tribe giving no other reasons for denial of the application;

WHEREAS, on June 11, 1981, Hoopa Valley Tribe filed an administrative appeal from the rejection of Mr. Finale and on July 2, 1981, the Tribe, through its counsel, filed a petition for emergency review by Assistant Secretary of Interior -- Indian Affairs, Kenneth L. Smith -- which appeals were rejected by the

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1 Department of the Interior;

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WHEREAS, on or about July 14, 1981 the Bureau of Indian Affairs published notices soliciting requests for proposals from any entity to perform stream clearance work under a "buy Indian" contract (See, 25 U.S.C.§47) on Trinity River tributaries within the Hoopa Valley Reservation which announcements stated that bids would be open and the contract awarded on or about July 30, 1981 and which solicitation was intended to utilize the authorized stream clearance funds sought by plaintiff and to exhaust funds sought by plaintiff and to exhaust funds sought funds available for that work during Fiscal Year 1981.

WHEREAS, the Yurok Tribe enjoys some beneficial interest in the Hoopa Valley Indian Reservation; and, whereas the Yurok Tribe, has been recognized by the United States, (see the listing in the Federal Register on a list of recognized Indian tribes), although the Yurok Tribe has no tribal governing body, does not operate under a constitution, does not exercise governmental control over the lives and activities of the Yurok Indians or over a specific territory, and does not adopt or recognize tribal resolutions;

WHEREAS, The Hoopa Valley Tribe of the Hoopa Valley
Indian Reservation is a federally-recognized Indian tribe with a
constitution and bylaws approved by the Bureau of Indian Affairs and
the Hoopa Valley Business Council is the duly constituted governing
body of the Hoopa Valley Tribe; and,

WHEREAS, the United States has complied with the terms of the preliminary injunction issued on August 4, 1981;

WHEREAS, Pub.L. 93-638, the Indian Self-Determination Act, 25 U.S.C. §450 et seq., was intended to assure maximum tribal government participation in federal programs for and services to Indians and provides for entry into self-determination contracts by the Secretary of the Interior at the request of a tribe or tribal organization, subject to a declination procedure authorized under the

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Act; 25 U.S.C. §§450, 450a, 450f; H.Hearings, October 20,28, 1975, Senate Subcommittee on Indian Affairs of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs (94th Cong., 1st Sess.);

WHEREAS, 25 U.S.C. §§450b(b)(c) provides that, where more than one tribe will be served by a proposed contract under the Act, each such tribe must consent to the proposed contract. [See H.R. Rep. No 93-1600 (93d Cong., 2d Sess., December 16, 1974) at 24-25; See Pub. L. 93-638, Section 105(a)];

WHEREAS, 25 C.F.R. 271.18(a) promulgated pursuant to the authority of the Indian Self-Determination Act (Pub.L. 93-638) requires " an authorizing resolution from each tribal governing body" of the other affected tribes; and the Court having preliminarily determined that BIA is not an agency authorized to approve contracts on behalf of the unorganized Yurok Tribe under Pub. L. 93-638 and 25 C.F.R. 271.18(a);

WHEREAS, denial of the Hoopa Valley Tribe's application under the Act was based soley on the absence of the approval of the Yurok Tribe, which denial, because of this Court's preliminary finding that consent was required only from tribes with organized tribal governing bodies, was not substantially justified under the Indian Self-Determination Act;

IT IS HEREBY AGREED, CONSENTED AND STIPULATED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Inasmuch as this Court has found that the Indian Self-Determination Act does not require the consent of the unorganized Yurok Tribe because such tribe lacks a tribal governing body within the meaning, as this Court has defined it, of 25 C.F.R. §§ 271.2(p) and 271.18(a), defendants will not, so long as the Yurok Tribe remains without a tribal governing body, decline to grant contracts to the Hoopa Valley Tribe pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination Act on the ground that there is no resolution concurring in the award of such contract from the Yurok Tribe;

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2. This action shall be dismissed, except to the limited extent necessary for plaintiff to litigate its request, if any, for attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to the provisions of the Equal Access To Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. §2412; and, it is further agreed, that defendants will not object to plaintiff's filing such a request so long as such filing occurs within thirty days of the entry of this order and that if such filing does not occur within said time, it is also further agreed that that remaining portion of this action shall be dismissed upon motion of defendants.

DATED: July 13, 1982

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1 H, 1982

JOSEPH P. RUSSONIELLO United States Attorney

PAUL E. LOCKE
Assistant United States Attorney

Attorneys for Defendants

ZIONITZ, PIRTLE, MORISSET

MASON B. MORISSET

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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